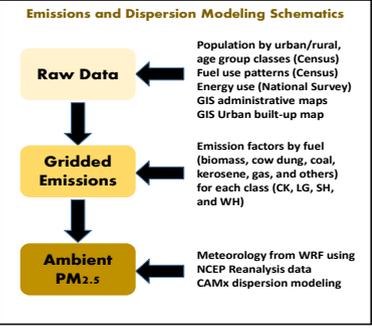


Household Energy Consumption, Emissions, Pollution, and Health Impacts in India

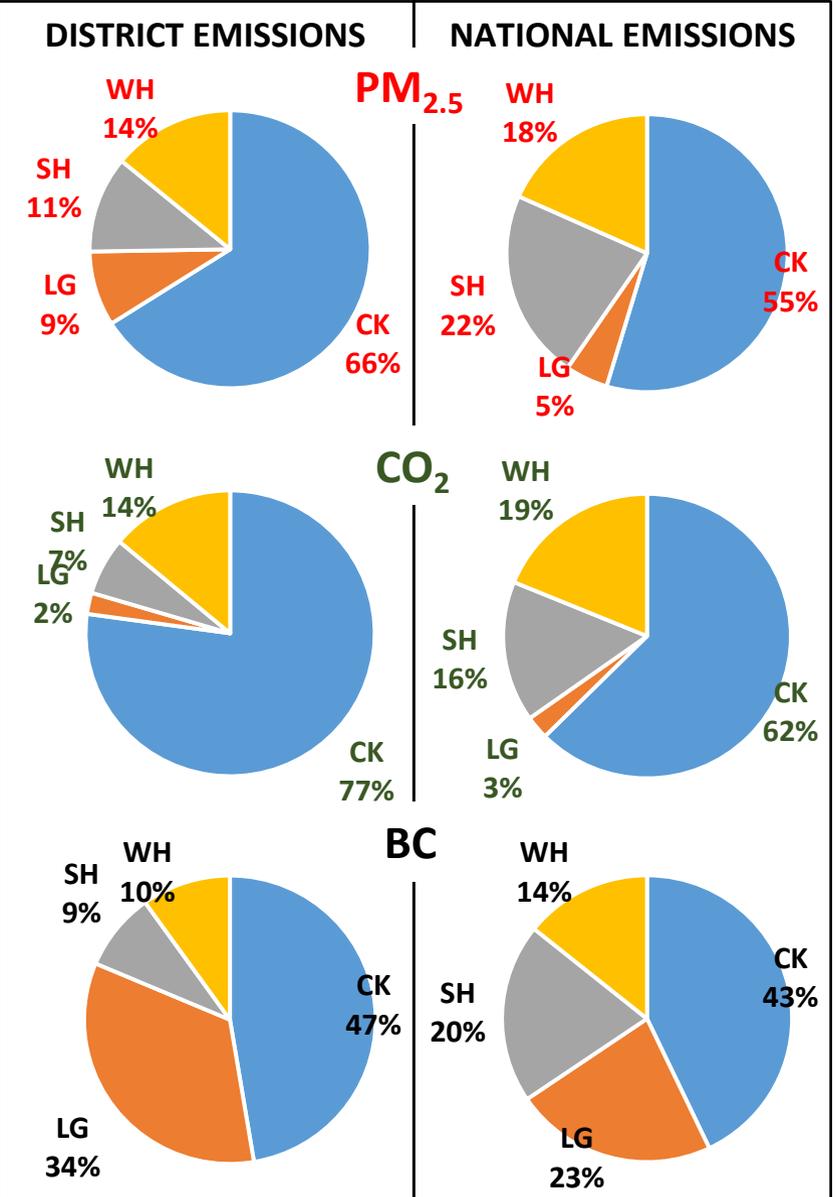
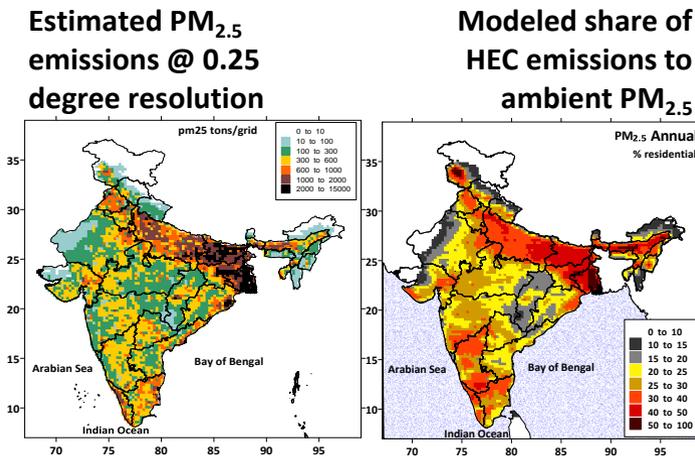
STATE	Goa (state and district as of census-India, 2011)
DISTRICT	South_Goa

Household energy consumption (HEC) emissions were calculated in four classes - cooking (CK), lighting (LG), space heating (SH), and water heating (WH). Bottom-up emissions for the four classes are available @ 0.25 degree spatial resolution, and further aggregated to district and state level. A sub-classification is available by fuel - biomass, coal, kerosene, liquified petroleum gas (LPG), and others.



%Households Primary Cooking Fuel	
gas+elec	others
71.9%	28.1%

Estimated district annual HEC emissions	
Paticulates (2.5µm)	700 tons
Sulfur dioxide	60 tons
Nitrogen oxides	10 tons
Carbon monoxide	13,200 tons
Hydrocarbons	1,540 tons
Black carbon (BC)	170 tons
Organic carbon	300 tons
Carbon dioxide (CO ₂)	0.08 mil tons



% contribution of HEC emissions to modeled ambient PM _{2.5} concentrations (concentrations were conducted using the WRF-CAMx models)	National	29.6%
	District	17.9%

The health impacts of outdoor air pollution as ischemic heart diseases (which can lead to heart attacks), cerebrovascular disease (which can lead to strokes), chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases, lower respiratory infections, and cancers (in trachea, lungs, and bronchitis) were estimated using the age-dependent relative risk functions detailed in the Global Burden of Disease study and dispersion modeling results from this study. The final calculations were conducted at the district level using the population distribution by age presented in Census-India.

Estimated premature mortality of outdoor air pollution per year - apportioned to HEC emissions	National	84,000 - 115,000
	District	18 - 21

Emission and dispersion modeling results, pollution animations, and summary sheets by district and state are hosted @ <http://www.urbanemissions.info>
Send your comments and questions to sim-air@urbanemissions.info